IMPACT: International Journal of Research in Humanities, Arts and Literature (IMPACT: IJRHAL) ISSN (P): 2347-4564; ISSN (E): 2321-8878 Vol. 6, Issue 3, Mar 2018, 313–314 © Impact Journals

**CLIMATE OF SANTHAL PARGANA** 

SumanKumari

Research Scholar, Department of Geography, Patna University, Patna, India

Received: 17 Mar 2018 Accepted: 24 Mar 2018 Published: 31 Mar 2018

**ABSTRACT** 

The climate of Santhal Parganas region in the undulated table land and in the hilly region is of moderately extreme type. It becomes quite cold in winter and is sufficiently hot in summer. The heat is dry, though even in summer nights are not very hot. Skies are overcast or heavily clouded in the monsoon month and are generally clear or lighly clouded in other months.

Light north-westerlies prevail during the winter and summer months. Towards the end of the summer season winds begin to blow more and more from directions between north-east and south-east

KEYWORDS: Climate, Santhal Parganas

INTRODUCTION

The Climate of SanthalPargana is a part of the climatic pattern of the Indian subcontinent. It enjoys a continental monsoon type of climate owing to its great distance from the sea.

**CLIMATE** 

The climate of SanthalParganas region in the undulated table land and in the hilly region is of moderately extreme type. It becomes quite cold in winter and is sufficiently hot in summer. The heat is dry, though even in summer nights are not very hot. In the alluvial tract on the bank of the Ganga, the heat is moist and more oppressive. The table land in the Southern portion of the region and in the rolling and hilly country is swept by dry hot winds during summer and is fairly cold during winter. Summer begins from the middle of the March. May and June are very hot. Mercury sometimes rises to 115°F in shade. Rains set in during the second half of June. The maximum rainfall is usually in July, August and September are also rainy months. November ushers in winter January is coldest when the lowest minimum temperatures sometimes shrinks to 40°F' There is very little winter rainfall, The average annual rainfall of the region is 55.33".

Relative humidities are lowest during the summer months when the volume can be as low as 30% in the afternoon. During the monsoon months high humidities prevail.

Skies are overcast or heavily clouded in the monsoon month and are generally clear or lighly clouded in other months.

Light north-westerlies prevail during the winter and summer months. Towards the end of the summer season winds begin to blow more and more from directions between north-east and south-east. These winds strengthen and predominate during the monsoon season.

314 Dr. SumanKumari

In the monsoon and post-monsoon months the region is affected by storms and depressions from the Bay of Bengal and widespread heavy rain and strong winds occur in association with some of them Thunderstorms accompanied with severe squalls occur in the pre-monsoon months. Dist storms also occur occasionally in April and May, particularly in the Western portions of the region. Morning fog can occur in the winter months.

## **CONCLUSIONS**

Santhal Pargana climate is characterized as 'tropical monsoon' clearly indicating the dominant influence of its tropical location and the monsoon winds. Changes in the upper air conditions during the year and the Himalayas in the north and ChotanagpurPlateanu in the south are the other important factors affecting it.

## Seasons and their Duration

The year may be conveniently divided into the following four principal seasons.

- Cold Weather Season December to February
- Hot Weather Season March to May
- South-west Monsoon- June to September
- Retreating South-west Monsoon Season-October to November.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Ahmad, E. (1962): "Indian village Pattern", Geographical Outlook, Vol. 3,
- 2. Sinha, V.N.P. (1975): Chotanagpur Plateau: A Study in Settlement
- 3. Singh, R.L. (1961): "Meaning, Objectives and Scope of Settlement" Geography", National geographical Journal of India.
- 4. Census of India (1961): Bihar District Census Hand book, SanthalPargana.
- 5. Roy Chaudhary, P.C. (1964): Bihar District Gazetteer SanthalPargana.